

Course Syllabus of Leadership: Theories and Perspectives

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Professor

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Course Name : Leadership: Theories and PerspectivesCodeRequirement : Teorias PsicodinámicasSemeCredits : 3Seme

Code : 07507 Semester : 2018-2

II. Course Outline

'Leadership: Theories and Perspectives' is the first elective course of the Leadership Concentration that develops understanding, application and development of this competence, as it is permanently required in professional performance. Specifically, it extends and deepens the study of the concept of leadership and directive styles from different theoretical perspectives, therefore explaining the emergence of abilities and conditions in which this influence process is exerted, particularly in organizations.

The actual exercise of leadership is examined starting from its anthropological origins. The concepts of ethics and trust are examined as well. These and the previous elements will enable the student to analyze internationally well known leaders, from active, critical and constructive standpoints.

III. Course Objective

Develop in students active, critical and constructive analytical abilities towards leading characters' performance, through the acknowledgement and understanding of diverse theories and perspectives of leadership.

IV. Learning Outcomes

At course completion, the student will acquire the following competencies:

Analyze the concept of leadership from multivariate perspectives and define common grounds for the construction of authentic Leadership.

Identify and understand recurrent topics of leadership such as gender, power management, trust, paradoxes, personal mastery learning, among others.

Evaluate leaders' life events and accomplishments in order to determine correspondence to the concept of authentic leadership.

Acknowledge and understand the process of Leadership implemented in organizational

settings, particularly in management and team formation, structure and design of organizations and the generation of values.

Carry out reflective understanding of the cultural, moral and ethical aspects of the Leadership phenomenon in diverse contexts.

V. Contents and Learning Activities

WEEK		ACTIVITIES/EVALUATION	
ORIGI	UNIT I NS, HISTORY AND IDEOLOGICAL PERSPECTIV	ES OF LEADERSHIP	
LEARNING O			
	contemporary trends of the concept of Leadership a nizational settings.	is studied inside and outside	
•	and de the main components of Leadership propose	d by Plato, Machiavelli and	
Sun Tz			
	and recognize the most recurrent topics in leadership	o from perspectives of	
	, bonding, groups, organizations and culture.		
	1. Introduction to the study of Leadership	Course Presentation	
1°	1.1 The elusive nature of the concept.	Syllabus Group Project (LPE)	
August 20th –	1.2 Major agreements on the definition of	Weekly Group Presentations	
25th	leadership.		
	 General overview: Leadership in an organizational world. 		
	Krapfl & Kruja: 28-43	-	
2 °			
Z ⁻ August 27th –	2. Historical Traces of Leadership	Group oral presentation Reading Control 1 (Krapfl &	
September	2.1 Anthropological nature of leadership:2.2 Qualities, abilities and conditions	Kruja 28-43 andGrint: 89-110)	
1st			
	Grint: 89-110	-	
3°	3.Conceptual Perspective of Leadership	Group oral presentation	
September	3.1 Leadership in the context of groups and	Grint 112-125 and 155-176	
3rd –08th	organizations		
	3.2 The rise of democratic leadership	-	
	Grint:112-125, 155-176		
	4. Gender perspective in Leadership	Integrated Lecture	
4 °	4.1 Gender perspective of Leadership		
September	4.2 Sexual Static		
10th – 15th	4.3 The Glass Ceiling		
	Grint: 199-208, 211-221		
	Grint. 199-200, 211-221		
	5. Deletienel Devenestive of Leadership	Graded Assignment I (Weeks 1-4)	
5°	 5. Relational Perspective of Leadership 5.1 Origins of the followership phenomenon 	(Weeks 1 4)	
September	5.2 Leaders and Narcissism.		
17th – 22nd	5.3 The dark side of leadership		
	5.4 Leadership as a social myth	-	
	Grint: 250-270, 272-286, Hickman: 250-260		
6°		Group oral presentation	
September	5.5 The paradoxes of Leadership	Reading Control 2 Grint: 250-270, Robinson: 250-	
24th – 29th	5.6 Leadership as Seduction	260	
7 °	Hickman: 68-78, Grint: 338-372		
	6. Leadership: An Organizational Perspective	Group oral presentation	
l October 01st	6.1 Bosses, Teams and trust	First Draft of LEADERSHIP	

	Hickman:181-191, 193-201	(October 7 th)		
	6.2 The influence of followers over leadership			
	6.3 Effects of the efforts for empowerment <i>Hickman: 202-213</i>			
8 °				
October 8th – 13th	MID-TERM EXAM			
9° October 15th	6.4 The futile Manager – Leader distinction6.2 Leading from the transformation concept6.3 Ethics of Charsimatic Leadership	Reading Control Hickman 193-213		
– 20 th	Hickman: 97-113, 130-140, 166-176			
	UNIT II			
IMPLE	MENTATION OF LEADERSHIP PERSPECTIVES	IN ORGANIZATIONS		
 LEARNING OUTCOMES: Identify Leadership performance through the structure, design and network perspectives. Examine and understand the relationship between organizational culture and Leadership. Discriminate Leadership performance in terms of a moral perspective 				
	7. Bureaucracies and Network Designs and	Group oral presentation		
10° October 22nd – 27th	Leadership strategies.7.1 Emergence of New Organizational Forms.7.2 Networks as a new Challenge for Leadership	Reading Control 3 Hickman: 97-113, 130-140, 166- 176		
	Hickman:283-301			
11° October 29th – November 03rd	 8. Implementing Leadership from a Cultural Perspective 8.1 Formation of Culture, formation of leadership 8.2 Re 'valued' concept of leadership Hickman: 327-342, 343-356 	Group oral presentation Reading Control 4 Hickman: 357-377		
12° November 05th – 10th	9. The Moral Perspective of Leadership 9.1 Moral Leadership and Business Ethics 9.2 Business Ethics as Moral Imagination	Preparation For final Draft		
	Hickman:357-371, 372-377			
13° November 12th – 17th	 10. Acquiring and Learning Perspectives of Leadership 10.1 Learning Organization: personal mastery 10.2 The Art of Collaboration 10.3 Contribution Recognition Hickman: 411-423, 467-480, 481-493 	Group oral presentation Graded Assignment 2 Weeks 9 to 12		
14° November 19th -24th	11. Final Project Presentations	Final Draft LEADERSHIP PERFOMANCE EVALUATION (November 25 th)		

15° November 26th- December 01rt	12. Final Project Presentations Course Final Overview and Conclusions.	
16° December 3rd – 8th	Final Exam	

VI. Methodology

This course covers a wide variety of topics concerning the concept of Leadership. It consists of two units. The first covers a conceptual introduction to the problem of leadership, and the second deals with a set of possible real life applications of such concepts.

Although related to each other, each topic is treated independently in the class sessions. Therefore, the course acquires a Seminar character, in which discussions converge towards a common and reflective understanding of this subject matter.

Students are therefore required to prepare in advance for each class. In a group setting, they will prepare selected readings randomly assigned. They will then deliver weekly presentations to the rest of the students, to ignite discussion and produce general agreements at the end of each class period.

There will be other activities that will serve as examples or applications of the concepts discussed in class. Such activities include group dynamic exercises, video or movie analyses, article discussions, selected readings, among others.

During the term, students, in groups, are also required to prepare a Leadership Performance Evaluation (LPE) in writing (see LPE GROUP PROJECT OUTLINE), which they will present to the class orally, in the last two weeks of the program. This project is threefold: First it contains a biography of a famous leading character. Second a commented list of accomplishments is prepared. Finally, an evaluation is carried out to establish if this character can actually be acknowledged as an authentic leader.

Students must participate actively and, therefore, attendance is mandatory.

VII. Evaluation

The course considers an accumulative and integrated evaluation, with the following criteria:

There will be a Mid-Term Exam (MT), a Final Exam (FE) and a Permanent Evaluation Average (PEA), to produce a student's Final Average (FA). The first two grades are the

scores obtained in examinations administered in weeks 8 and 16 of the course. The third grade (PEA) is composed of five partial grades. These are: The Reading Control Average (4 Reading Controls), Graded Assignment Average (2 graded Assignments), Weekly Class Oral Presentation Average, Leadership Performance Evaluation Paper and the Final Oral Presentation. None of these grades will be cancelled nor substituted. The percentages and proportions are explained in the following table.

	MID-TERM EXAM (MT)	FINAL EXAM (FE)	PERMANENT EVALUATION AVERAGE (PEA)
PERCENTAGE	25%	30%	45%
CONTENTS	TOPICS FROM WEEKS 1-7	TOPICS FROM WEEKS 9-13	READING CONTROL AVERAGE 20%
			GRADED ASSIGNMENT AVERAGE
			20%
			LEADERSHIP PERFORMANCE EVALUATION (FINAL PAPER)
			20%
			WEEKLY TOPIC ORAL PRESENTATION AVERAGE
			20%
			FINAL LEADERSHIP PERFORMANCE EVALUATION ORAL PRESENTATION
			20%

The final average (FA) is obtained with the following formula:

 $FA = (0,25 \times MT) + (0,45 \times PEA) + (0,30 \times FE)$

- **FA** = Final Average **MT** = Mid-Term Exam
- **PEA** = Permanent Evaluation Average
- FE = Final Exam

VIII. References

- 1. Bass, B.M. & Bass, A. (2008). The Bass Handbook of Leadership: Theory, Research and Managerial Applications. New York: The Free Press.
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- 4. Grint, K. (1997). Leadership. Classical, Contemporary and Critical Approaches. New York: Oxford University Press.
- 5. Hooper, A. (ed.) (2006). Leadership Perspectives. London: Ashgate Publishing Group.
- 6. Kernberg, O.F. (1998). Ideology, Conflict, and leadership in Groups and Organizations. New Haven: Yale University Press.
- 7. Kets de Vries, M. (2006). The leader on the couch: A clinical approach to changing people and organizations. San Francisco: Jossey-Bass.
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- 10. Nohria, N. & Khurana, R. (2010). Handbook of Leadership. Theory and Practice.
- 11. Pettinger R. (2010). Organizational Behaviour. Performance management in practice. Oxon: Routledge.
- 12. Zaleznik, A. (1990). Executive's Guide to Motivating People. How Freudian Theory can turn good executives into better leaders. Chicago: Bonus Books.

IX. Professor

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